

FY24 Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)



Application deadline: 4/18/2025



Available funding for FY2024: \$750M (\$50M is set-aside for tribal applicants)

Source: FEMA Fact Sheet: NOFO for FY 2024 BRIC Program

FY24 BRIC Program



BRIC program priorities and merit criteria:

- Incentivize natural hazard risk reduction activities, including those that address multi-hazards that
 mitigate current and future risk to public infrastructure and disadvantaged communities as referenced
 in Executive Order (EO) 14008: Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad
- Incorporate nature-based solutions, including those designed to reduce carbon emissions
- Enhance climate resilience and adaptation
- Increase funding to applicants that facilitate the adoption and enforcement of the latest published editions of building code
- Note: BRIC encourages hazard mitigation projects that meet multiple program priorities

BRIC Details

Match funding requirement: 25%²

Direct Pay applicability: No

Eligible grant uses

Capability and Capacity-Building activities – activities that enhance the knowledge, skills, and expertise of the current workforce to expand or improve the administration of mitigation assistance. This includes activities in the following sub-categories: building codes, partnerships, project scoping, hazard mitigation planning and planning-related activities, and other activities

Hazard Mitigation Projects – cost-effective mitigation projects designed to increase resilience and public safety; reduce injuries and loss of life; and reduce damage and destruction to property, critical services, facilities, and infrastructure (including natural systems) from a multitude of natural hazards, including drought, wildfire, earthquakes, extreme heat, and the effects of climate change

Management Costs – financial assistance to reimburse the recipient and subrecipient for eligible and reasonable indirect costs, direct administrative costs, and other administrative expenses associated with a specific mitigation measure or project.

Award amounts

State/Territory Allocation	n \$112M total, maximum \$2M per applicant, \$1.5M of which for Capability and Capacity Building activities
Tribal Set-Aside	\$50M total, maximum \$2M per applicant
Building Code Plus-Up	\$ \$112M total for State/Territory, maximum allocation \$2M; \$50M total for Tribes, maximum allocation \$25M
National Competition	Any funds not selected for the awards listed above can be reallocated toward National Competition, for which applicants can submit an unlimited number of projects, each valued up to \$50M1
Maximum Allocation	\$150 million funding cap on the total available BRIC funding to any applicant
Period of Performance	36 months
2022 awarda	SEC DDIC out applications awards (\$992 GM fodoral cost chars)

Previous awards

2023 awards 656 BRIC sub-applications awards (\$882.6M federal cost share)

79 awards recipient management cost awards (\$116.2M)

Source: Fiscal Year 2024 Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC), FEMA Fact Sheet: NOFO for FY 2024 BRIC Program, Before You Apply for Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities Funds

Note: This fact pack has been created with the program NOFO as of January 24th, 2025. NOFOs may be subject to change. Please monitor grants.gov and source material for additional information

^{1. 10%} of total National Competition awards will be allocated toward Project Scoping activities

^{2.} Cost-share may be reduced to 10% for (a) Hazard mitigation projects performed within or that primarily benefit a designated Community Disaster Resilience Zone or (b) Economically Disadvantaged Rural Communities, defined as communities of 3,000 or fewer people, identified by the applicant, with residents having an average per capita annual income no more than 80% of the national per capita income.

High level requirements to apply for a BRIC grant

NON-EXHAUSTIVE



- States
- District of Columbia
- U.S. territories
- Federally recognized Tribal nations

Note: Eligible applicants must designate one agency to serve as the applicant for BRIC funding. Local governments and federally-recognized tribal governments (who choose to apply as subapplicants) are considered subapplicants and must submit subapplications to their state, territory, or tribal applicant agency.

- SF-424, Application for Federal Assistance
- Grants.gov Lobbying Form, Certification Regarding Lobbying
- SF-424A, Budget Information (Non-Construction)
- For construction under an award, submit SF-424C, Budget Information (Construction), in addition to or instead of SF-424A
- SF-424B, Standard Assurances (Non-Construction)
- For construction under an award, submit SF-424D, Standard Assurances
- (Construction), in addition to or instead of SF-424B
- SF-LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities



Key Grant Application Components

Supplemental documents

- Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA) for Hazard Mitigation Projects:
 Applicants and sub-applicants applying for hazard mitigation projects must provide a BCA or other documentation that validates cost-effectiveness
- **Go/No-Go Milestones:** The sub-applicant, in coordination with the applicant, must identify at least one or more Go/No-Go milestones in the work schedule for hazard mitigation projects submitted to the national competition that FEMA will review and approve
- Applicants and sub-applicants applying for hazard mitigation projects must provide information needed to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and the related Department of Homeland Security and FEMA instructions and directives.
 - The required information is included in the sub-application in FEMA GO.
- The subrecipient must provide FEMA with a signed copy of the Statement of Voluntary Participation for each property post-award

Example of a past winner in Michigan



Code Training and Outreach Programs (2023)

- Applicant: Michigan Department of Licensing and Regulatory Affairs
- **Funding:** \$1.9M
- Project description: The funds will be used to support the development and implementation of initiatives aimed at enhancing building code compliance across the state, including assessing the needs of local governments and building inspectors, developing educational materials on building code updates and delivering training and outreach programs.