Michigan Department of Treasury
607 (Rev. 09-24)

2025 Report of Assessment Roll Changes and Classification

INSTRUCTIONS: Assessing officers are required to report the total assessed value for each class of property and the assessment roll changes for each class of property for County and State Equalization. This form is issued under authority of PA 206 of 1893. This report shall be signed by the assessing officer and filed with the State Tax Commission and the County Equalization Department immediately following adjournment of the Board of Review - Administrative Rule 209.26(6b). **REPORT ONLY AD VALOREM ASSESSED VALUES ON THIS FORM. DO NOT INCLUDE SPECIAL ACT VALUES.**

County City or Township (Indicate which)							
Real Property	Parcel Count	2024 Board of Review	Lo	ss	+ or (-) Adjustment	New	2025 Board of Review
100 Agriculture							
200 Commercial							
300 Industrial							
400 Residential							
500 Timber - Cutover							
600 Developmental							
800 Total Real							
Personal Property	Parcel Count	2024 Board of Review	Lo	ss	+ or (-) Adjustment	New	2025 Board of Review
150 Agriculture							
250 Commercial							
350 Industrial							
450 Residential							
550 Utility							
850 Total Personal							
Total Real	Parcel Count	2024 Board of Review	Lo	ss	+ or (-) Adjustment	New	2025 Board of Review
and Personal							
CERTIFICATION							
I hereby certify that all the information contained within this document is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.							
Assessing Officer Signature		Date	Assessing Officer Pr		Printed Name		Certification Number
							I

The completed form must be signed by the local unit assessor who is the assessor of record with the State Tax Commission and submitted in the Michigan Equalization Gateway (MEG) Local Unit Portal.

E-mail the completed form with the assessor of record signature to **Equalization@michigan.gov**.

The assessor must submit the first copy of the completed form to the County Equalization Department. The form is to be reviewed and approved by County Equalization. If there are errors found by County Equalization, the errors are to be corrected and a revised copy is to be immediately submitted to the State Tax Commission.

The assessor of record must retain a copy of the completed form. If after submitting the completed form to the State Tax Commission and County Equalization, the assessor of record discovers there are errors within the form, the assessor of record shall correct the form and submit the revised copy to the County Equalization Department. The revised form must be identified as a revised copy. Once the revised copy is reviewed and approved by County Equalization, the revised copy must be immediately submitted to the State Tax Commission.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 607 (L-4022)

Public Act 381 of 1978 prescribes six real property and five personal property classifications.

REAL PROPERTY: Agricultural (Ag.), Commercial (C.), Industrial (Ind.), Residential (R.), Timber - Cutover (T.C.) and Developmental (D.). These Real Property classes are equalized separately.

PERSONAL PROPERTY: Agricultural (Ag. P.), Commercial (C.P.), Industrial (Ind. P.) Residential (R.P.) and Utilities (Util. P.). All classes of Personal Property are equalized together as one class.

Each assessing officer must report total assessed value, assessed value of losses, assessed value of adjustments and new assessed value for each class of property. All entries are to be the ad valorem assessed values as approved by the Board of Review. Form 606 (L-4021) and supporting Form 607 (L-4022) shall be filed with the County Equalization Director for review and audit by the State Tax Commission.

REAL PROPERTY

NEW — Assessment increases because of added true cash value not accounted for in the starting ratio on Form 603 (L-4018R), including:

- 1. Description on roll for first time or returned from exempt status.
- 2. Building or other improvement put on description.
- 3. New additions and improvements.
- 4. Further completion of new construction. (For example: partially complete building assessed at \$2,500 last year; assessment raised to \$3,500 this year because completed; the \$1,000 increase is NEW.)
- 5. Platted land. (For example: a 40 acre parcel was assessed last year for \$10,000; the land has been platted into 200 lots at \$300 each or \$60,000; the increased assessment would be NEW \$50,000. If property had been classified Agricultural, there would be \$60,000 NEW in Residential and \$10,000 LOSS in Agricultural.)
- 6. Increased land value or improved economic conditions. **Note:** Increases in assessments from one year to the next due to inflationary increases in value are to be reported on Form 607 (L-4022), if not included in the equalization study report on Form 603 (L-4018R).

(The New listed on Form 607 (L-4022) may not qualify for Additions on Form 609 (L-4025). See instructions on L-4025.)

Also, the amount of the NEW for equalization purposes for a particular item may not be the same as the amount of the ADDITION for the cap for that same item. For example, an IFT NEW FACILITY whose exemption has expired comes on the ad valorem roll at 50% of true cash value, but the ADDITION may be less than 50%.

LOSS — Assessment decreases because of loss of true cash value not accounted for on Form 603 (L-4018R), including:

- Description removed from roll (annexation).
- 2. Building or other improvements destroyed or removed or exempt.
- 3. Part of a building removed or destroyed (Note: Tax Day is December 31).
- 4. Losses from change of description (such as in item 5 under NEW).
- 5. Land reverted to state or otherwise exempt.

ADJUSTMENTS — All changes in the assessment roll OTHER than those caused by changes in true cash value which qualify as NEW or LOSS, including:

1. Individual assessments raised or lowered to establish uniformity and meet the 50 percent requirement.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 607 (L-4022) — CONTINUED PERSONAL PROPERTY

NEW — Assessment increases because of added true cash value not accounted for on Form 602 (L-4018P), including:

- 1. First time on roll. (For example: a new commercial tenant.)
- 2. Additional equipment or furnishings. (For example: a business acquired additional equipment so the total true cash value of the equipment and furnishings increased from \$50,000 to \$80,000. The assessment therefore was raised from \$25,000 last year to \$40,000 and the \$15,000 increase is NEW.)
- 3. Change in law, reducing exemptions (Inventory, termination of Public Act 198 of 1974 certificate, etc.).

LOSS — Assessment decreases because of loss of true cash value not accounted for on Form 602 (L-4018P), including:

- 1. Removal from roll (Out of business, etc.).
- 2. Fire losses or other damage. (Note: Tax Day is December 31).
- 3. Decrease in true cash value of equipment, pipelines, furnishings, equipment, etc.
- 4. Change in law, increasing exemptions (Inventory, air, water or PA 198 of 1974 certificate, etc.).

All changes in the assessment roll OTHER than those caused by changes in true cash value which qualify as NEW or LOSS, including:

ADJUSTMENTS — Individual assessments raised or lowered to establish uniformity.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Capped and Taxable Values have no role in the determination of County or State Equalized Valuations. **DO NOT REPORT CAPPED OR TAXABLE VALUES ON FORMS 607 (L-4022)**, 2164 (L-4023) OR 608 (L-4024). STC FORM 607 (L-4022) MUST BE CERTIFIED BY THE ASSESSOR OF RECORD BY SIGNING THE COMPLETED REPORT. UNSIGNED FORMS WILL BE RETURNED TO THE ASSESSOR.