

Racial Equity Action Plan

1. Racial Disparities for Households Experiencing Housing Instability and Homelessness (Aligned with MCTEH State Plan Goal 3: Collaborate with local and statewide systems that are crucial to preventing and ending homelessness and Goal 4: Improve equity within the homeless system and reduce racial disparities among households experiencing homelessness)

Strategies	Action Steps
Address CE	Ensure the support of state departments and funders to create an equitable assessment and prioritization process
Process at the	that:
Local Level	 considers factors that impact marginalized populations to prevent disparate outcomes (such as employment and housing discrimination, overrepresentation in the carceral system, history of eviction, etc.) incorporates household strengths & preferences creates opportunities for effective case conferencing is trauma-informed and client centered Document and share the progress being made and the impact in communities that are shifting (or have shifted) their assessment and prioritization processes
Improve	Develop standards of care across state funded programs that center the lived experiences of people using those
Experiences of	programs and develop accountability structures (auditing, collection of qualitative data, etc.) to ensure effective,
People Using	person-centered, and respectful service delivery
the Homeless	Quarterly collection and reporting of regional qualitative data (e.g., through listening sessions) to understand if the
Response	changes are having the desired effect
System	 Develop and share tools statewide that support communities to build best practices in collecting qualitative data (https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/7053/people-with-lived-experience-and-expertise-of-homelessness-and-data-decision-
	making/?utm_source=HUD+Exchange+Mailing+List&utm_campaign=048a329081-
	PLEE Toolkit Now Available 2024%2F04%2F16&utm medium=email&utm term=0 -048a329081- %5BLIST EMAIL ID%5D)
	Quarterly review and public-facing reports of disaggregated system performance data
	Develop a public facing dashboard that can be filtered, in live time, by different demographic groups, regions,
	programs, etc. and update data sharing agreements to allow for CoC level data to be accessed by all end users
	 Engage and partner with culturally specific advocates and advisors (e.g., the Inter-Tribal Council of Michigan, Hispanic Center of West MI, Black Leadership Advisory Council, etc.) to ensure low barrier access and culturally responsive services for Black, Indigenous, and Hispanic households

Strategies	Action Steps
	Provide incentives to organizations and CoCs that demonstrate their staffing is racially and ethnically representative
	of those most disproportionately impacted by homelessness in their communities
	 Expand MCAH pilot program statewide (currently in 6 counties, provides a fee waiver to people experiencing
	homelessness allows use of alternative forms of ID to obtain a state ID)
Increase	 Provide funding to improve wages and better retain frontline staff (without the requirement that agencies cover part
Capacity of	of the wage increase)
Providers to	 Educate providers about the Equal Pay Package plan introduced by MI House of Representatives in March
Deliver	2024 (https://www.dykema.com/news-insights/michigan-introduces-comprehensive-equal-pay-
Culturally	package.html)
Responsive	 Help communities address the workforce crisis by incentivizing the hiring and support of people with lived
Services	experience. Ensure communities are providing partners with lived experience opportunities to participate in a variety of ways and that they are paid accordingly (e.g., system planning partners, full time staff who function as peer navigators, outreach workers, consultants, etc.)
	 Create and maintain a directory of organizations that have culturally specific services (provide clear definition of what culturally responsive services are and their benefit)
Continued Learning and	• Develop opportunities for continued learning across CoCs, in relation to advancing equity. This includes opportunities to share successes and build on what is working well in some regions.
Application of Racial Equity	 E.g., host a regular statewide convening specifically for frontline providers to share resources and build on best practices
Principles and Practices	 Create a shared virtual space to house resources and tools that will promote more equitable practices (e.g., tip sheet for engaging partners with lived experience, sample job descriptions, training, and onboarding materials for new CoC partners, etc.)
	 Work to understand the knowledge gaps of providers and invest in continued learning for providers based on identified need (e.g., anti-bias, cultural humility, trauma-informed care, etc.)
	• Develop Communities of Practice for network providers and funders to ensure deep learning and application of anti- racist practices

2. State Policies, Mandates, and Regulations

Strategies	Action Steps
Amend	Establish clear guidelines for CoCs that are still using the VI-SPDAT to ensure it is not being used to prioritize
Statewide	individuals and families for housing resources
Policies &	Share monthly communication with CoCs about policies that impact housing/homelessness funding
Processes to	 E.g., Educate providers about legislative policies/bills that may be opportunities to increase affordable
Address	housing (e.g. HB4947, https://www.billtrack50.com/billdetail/1641787) and work to strengthen local level
Inequities	advocacy by sharing information and aligning priorities across the state.
	• Develop a regular auditing process and racial equity impact assessment to identify policies and practices with both
	historical and contemporary negative impacts for communities of color and all marginalized identities
	disproportionately represented in homelessness
	 Ensure there is a tool that can be used for reviewing policies with a racial equity lens to ensure accessibility
	and determine who the policy is benefiting, who it may be harming, and who it is leaving out
	 Develop a unified advocacy effort that includes state representatives, local CoC members, and partners with lived
	experience
	 Convene local and state government officials to identify priorities for unified advocacy
	 E.g., develop legislative asks that may better support the housing needs of asset limited, income constrained,
	and financially burdened households (as identified in the ALICE report,
	https://www.unitedwaylakeshore.org/sites/unitedwaylakeshore/files/2024-05/2024-ALICE-Update-MI-
	FINAL.pdf)
	 Share, elevate, and support existing advocacy efforts like the Source of Income Discrimination campaign and Tenant Right to Counsel movement
	 Support communities to understand how they can impact local zoning regulations (e.g., ensure there is a
	shared understanding MI Zoning Enabling Act and MI Planning Enabling Act)
	 Advocate for flexibility in establishing fair market rents, area median incomes that are reflective of existing
	need, etc. that change with the actual economy and is more reflective of people's needs
	• Develop an inclusive policy development process that includes both state representatives, local CoC members, and
	partners with lived experience
	• Examine statewide processes for funding opportunities and other opportunities that may be restrictive, inflexible,
	and make it difficult for communities to engage

 E.g., ensure communities are given enough time to fully explain things that are open for public comment to all partners
 Develop RFPs with PWLE and frontline providers to set more realistic expectations for deadlines Examine the federal and state regulations and reporting requirements that surpass the capacity of smaller organizations to alter policies or support capacity building

3. Relationship Building and Deep Community Engagement (aligned with MCTEH State Plan Goal **5**: Authentically engage people with lived experience (PWLE) of homelessness, especially in the form of ongoing partnerships rather than time-limited, one-sided engagements)

Strategies	Action Steps
Diversify	Provide funding and resources for CoCs to develop onboarding processes and TA for minority-led organizations,
Partnerships	culturally specific social service organizations, smaller grassroots organizations, etc., that want to be better positioned for federal or state funding so CoCs can have more inclusive membership
	 Partner with fair housing advocates across the state to research promising anti-displacement measures, tenant protections, and policies that undo historic patterns of segregation and ensure fair housing choice (e.g., Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing/AFFH, etc.)
Address Power Imbalances by	Provide a source of funding to compensate partners with lived experience, especially for smaller CoCs that have struggled to secure additional resources
Sharing Power	 Hire Black, Indigenous, and people of color with lived experience as full-time staff and/or consultants to engage in
with Community	policy development and the state-level efforts to end homelessness. Provide any needed supports to ensure authentic engagement and retention.
Members and Partners with	Develop RFPs with people with lived experience and frontline providers so they can inform program design and grant
Lived	 process (e.g., set more realistic expectations for deadlines, etc.) Establish sustainable resources to implement leadership academies that:
Experience	 Strengthen the knowledge and skills of partners with lived experience to engage fully in the local and statewide efforts to end homelessness
	 Destigmatize experiences homelessness or housing instability to disrupt biases and ensure authentic partnerships
	 Equip system leaders and ready the environment/culture to support, retain, and empower partners w/ lived experience

Improve and	Communicate the work and progress of MCTEH workgroups using various channels and identify ways to elicit
Strengthen	feedback and keep community members engaged.
Communication,	 Provide transparency around decisions made by state partners, especially when they impact people on the
Transparency,	frontlines. Be clear about how and why these decisions are being made
and Decision-	 Share accountability measures publicly
Making	• Host statewide townhall meetings, rather than webinars, to give communities a way to share freely, ask questions,
Processes	and build inclusivity of local expertise (e.g., when there is a policy shift)

4. Affordable Housing Inventory and Access (Aligned with MCTEH State Plan Goal **1**: Increase amount of safe, accessible & affordable housing targeted to households experiencing homelessness)

Expand •	Ensure that any new building developments w/state funding assistance and capital tax credits have set aside units for
Affordable Housing Inventory and Access to Safe, Quality Affordable Housing •	people experiencing homelessness as a requirement Complete an audit of all counties within MI to determine which communities have rental occupancy at 90% or greater. Work with local municipalities with rental occupancy rates over 90% to develop and fund large scale multifamily affordable housing (multiple hundred-unit spaces of diverse housing types) to better address lack of available housing, and ultimately provide housing opportunities for unhoused individuals. Develop a mechanism for cross community sharing (such as learning labs or clinics) that would allow counties across the state to share practices that are working to increase affordable housing opportunities (e.g., shared housing, additional dwelling units, master lease programs, putting CDBG toward homeless planning or service capacity, etc.) Advocate that CoCs are prioritized in the Governor's regional taskforce meetings for the statewide housing plan (rather than focusing primarily on households with higher income brackets) Work with private developers to ensure that deeply affordable housing is accessible to people with extremely low income (i.e., when resident selection criteria is 60% AMI and less, private developers often select families at 60% AMI, but not lower)

5. Implementation, Sustainability, and Accountability (Aligned with MCTEH State Plan Goal 2: Prevent homelessness whenever possible, targeting resources to households most at risk of becoming homeless, Goal 3: Collaborate with local and statewide systems that are crucial to preventing and ending homelessness, and Goal 6: Use data to measure progress and create accountability)

Focus Area	Focus Area
Ensure Accountability to Local & State Racial Equity Action Plans	 Provide resources and funding for regular staffing of this racial equity initiative at the local level Develop a public dashboard to highlight progress in addressing racial disparities in the homeless response system (i.e., disparities in experiences, access, and outcomes) Regularly convene an oversight committee (inclusive of providers and partners with lived experience) to ensure successful implementation of the racial equity action plan (i.e., to prioritize strategies for implementation, acquire needed resources, monitor, and evaluate progress, address barriers to implementation, report progress, and shift strategy as needed) Define the roles and responsibilities of other statewide agencies and cross-sector partners to support the racial equity action plan Develop MOUs with partners that define committed funding, staffing, and resources from each organization to strengthen shared accountability to racial justice Seek commitment from all engaged statewide partners to examine and shift the makeup of their structured committees and governance to ensure they are representative of those served Develop a statewide Racial Equity Advisory Committee to support successful implementation and monitoring of local racial equity action plans, build connections, share what is working, and address challenges in implementation, etc.
Conduct More In-Depth Data Analysis to Determine Future Areas of Focus	 Examine program level disaggregated data regarding length of time homeless, housing exits, returns, etc. to determine if there are agency level issues that can be addressed Look at housing retention and eviction data by zip code to determine if homelessness prevention and diversion resources can be targeted more effectively (e.g., assess communities needs for ongoing post-pandemic support of eviction diversion programs and target advocacy efforts and resources to areas that are experiencing the greatest impact) Examine system performance data by race and ethnicity at intersections of gender, family composition, age, etc. to see how specific subpopulations are faring and determine needed supports Evaluate the impact of changes to the coordinated entry assessment and prioritization process in each community to ensure the shifts being made are not perpetuating or worsening racial disparities