

of Coalition Building



Nancy D. Vecchioni, RN, MSN, CPHQ Vice President Medicare Operations Co-Lead MI STA*AR



"....Americans are a peculiar people...If, in a local community, a citizen becomes aware of a human need that is not met, he thereupon discusses the situation with his neighbors. Suddenly a committee comes into existence. The committee thereupon begins to operate on behalf of the need, and a new community function is established. It is like watching a miracle."

Alexis de Tocqueville



COALITION: WHAT IS IT????

- Union of organizations and individuals working to influence outcomes on a specific problem
 - Accomplish a broad range of goals that reach beyond the capacity of any individual member organization.
 - Effective means of achieving a coordinated approach
 - ▶ Information sharing
 - Coordination of services
 - Community education
 - Advocacy



Conditions have to be Ripe

- There has to be an issue
- Potential members have to share a belief that they can achieve success through building a coalition.
- There must be an understanding that the action taken has to be jointly performed.







The Housing Roundtable is composed of dedicated professionals from the Public, private, and non-profit sectors, including Tidewater Builder Association, Empower Hampton Roads, Virginia Beach Community Development Corporation, Faith Works Coalition, the City of Virginia Beach Department of Housing & Neighborhood Preservation and many others.

The Housing Roundtables guiding purpose is to encourage and help implement the development of workforce housing throughout the City of Virginia Beach.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_detailpage&v=zYHz9ma__wg



Advantages of a Coalition

- Coalitions can:
 - Conserve resources
 - Achieve more widespread reach in a community
 - Accomplish broad objectives
 - Have greater credibility
 - Provide a forum for sharing
 - Foster collaboration between organizations



Eight Steps to Building an Effective Coalition

- Step 1. Analyze the program's objectives and determine whether to form a coalition
- Step 2. Recruit the right people
- Step 3. Devise a set of preliminary objectives and activities
- Step 4. Convene the coalition
- Step 5. Anticipate the necessary resources
- Step 6. Define elements of a successful coalition structure
- Step 7. Maintain coalition vitality
- Step 8. Make improvements through evaluation



Step 1. Analyze the program's objectives and determine whether to form a coalition.

- Lead agency is identified
- Identify what the group would accomplish and the scope of activities
- Direction will be driven by:
 - The vision
 - Interests
 - Likelihood of success
 - Composition and interests of the members
- Assess community strengths and weaknesses



Step 2. Recruit the right people.

- Member organizations
- Individual members
- Competitor and adversaries
- Organizational representatives
- Membership size



Step 3. Devise a set of preliminary objectives and activities.

- Mission and Vision
- Immediate and long term objectives
- Variety of well-defined activities
 - Meet needs of participating organizations
 - Short term successes
 - Information sharing
- Find out why groups decline to participate



Step 4. Convene the coalition.

- Meeting with potential members
- Clearly define the issue and purpose
- Strong proposal for the structure
 - Provide data/stories that will demonstrate need to take action
- Identify what is currently going on to address issue
- Present the resources that are available that may impact the issue
- Discuss the need for additional groups to be at the table



Step 5. Anticipate the necessary resources.

- Lead agency provides most of the staff time
- Recognize the time commitment from participants
- Other sources:
 - Students
 - Foundations
 - Local service clubs
 - Grants



Step 6. Define elements of a successful coalition structure.

- Life expectancy of the coalition
- Meeting location, frequency, and length
- Membership parameters
- Meeting structure



Step 7. Maintain coalition vitality.

- Addressing coalition difficulties
- Sharing power and leadership
- Recruiting and involving new members
- Bring challenging and exciting new issues to the group
- Celebrating and sharing success
- Be aware of warning signs of coalition failure

Lack of process toward goals



Loss Of Membership

Loss of direction



Step 8. Make Improvements Through Evaluation

- Components to evaluate
 - Processes
 - Outcomes
 - Impacts associated with activities
- Lead to changes in the coalition approach



Individually, we are one drop. Together, we are an ocean." –

Ryunosuke Satoro



Questions



Thank You