Legislative Manual
of the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Michigan, for 1836.

By Authority:

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1836.
Legislative Manual.

Daily order of business in the Senate.
1. Presentation of petitions;
2. Reports of standing committees;
   Reports of select committees;
3. Messages from the Governor;
   Communications from State Officers;
   Messages from either house;
4. Motions, resolutions and notices;
5. Third reading of bills and resolutions;
6. Unfinished business of the preceding day;
7. Special orders of the day;
8. General orders of the day;

Daily order of business of the House of Representatives.
1. Presentation of petitions and memorials;
2. Report of standing and select committees;
3. Resolutions;
4. General orders of the day.
Rules

of the Senate of the State of Michigan.

1. The president having taken the chair and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, to the end that any mistake therein may be corrected.

2. No person shall speak to another, or otherwise interrupt the business of the Senate, or read any newspaper while the journals or public papers are reading; and when the president is putting a question, no senator shall walk out, or across the house, nor when a senator is speaking, pass between him and the chair.

3. The president, or in his absence, the president pro tempore, shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, who is hereby vested, during such time, with all the powers of the president. But such substitute
shall not be excused from voting on any question while so presiding.

4. Every member when he speaks shall address the chair, standing in his place. No member shall speak more than twice in any one debate on the same day, without leave of the senate.

5. Where two or more members rise at once, the president shall name the member who is first to speak.

6. No motion shall be debated until the same be seconded; and it shall be reduced to writing if desired by the president or any member, delivered in at the table and read by the president or secretary, before the same shall be debated; but it may be withdrawn at any time before decision or amendment.

7. While a question is before the senate, no motion shall be received, unless for an amendment, for postponing it, for laying it upon the table, to commit or to adjourn; and a motion for adjournment shall be decided without debate.
8. If the question in debate contain several points, any member may have the same divided.

9. A motion for commitment, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendments of the main proposition.

10. Every bill shall be introduced by motion for leave, or by order of the Senate on the report of a committee, and one day's notice at least shall be given of an intended motion for leave to bring in a bill.

11. Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its being passed, and the President shall give notice at each, whether it be the first, second or third; which readings shall be on three different days, unless three-fourths of the Senate direct otherwise.

No bill shall be amended or committed until it shall have been twice read; and all resolutions to which a concurrence
of the house of representatives is requisite, which direct the payment of money or the incurring any expense, or which propose any amendment to the constitution, shall be treated in the form of proceedings on them in a similar manner with bills, except that it shall not be necessary to commit such resolutions to a committee of the whole.

12. Upon a division in the senate, the names of those who voted for or against a question, shall be entered alphabetically on the minutes if one member require it, and each member called upon, unless for special reasons he be excused by the senate, shall declare openly and without request, his assent or dissent to the question.

13. The president, unless otherwise directed, shall appoint all ordinary committees, who shall consist of three members, unless a different number shall be directed by the senate.

14. In forming a committee of the whole senate, a chairman shall be named by the president, who shall preside.
15. The rules of the senate shall be observed in the committee of the whole, so far as they may be applicable, except limiting the times of speaking, and except that the yeas and nays shall not be taken.

16. A motion that the committee rise, shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate.

17. No amendment shall be received for discussion at the third reading of any bill, resolution, or amendment of the constitution, unless by a majority of the senate, but it shall, at all times be in order before the final passage of any bill, resolution, or constitutional amendment, to move its recommittal or recommittal.

18. When a member shall be called to order, he shall sit down until the president shall have determined whether he is in order or not; and every question of order shall be decided by the president, subject to an appeal to the senate by any member; and if a member be called to order for words spoken, the
exceptionable words shall be immediately taken down in writing, that the president or the senate may be better enabled to judge of the matter.

19. When a blank is to be filled, and different sums or times shall be proposed, the question shall be first taken on the highest sum or the longest time.

20. No member shall absent himself from the senate without leave first obtained; and in a case a less number than a quorum of the senate shall convene, they are hereby authorized to send the sergeant-at-arms for any or all absent members.

21. Before any petition or memorial addressed to the senate shall be received or read, a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be endorsed on the same, with the name of the member introducing it.

22. Where a question has been once put and decided, it shall be in order for any member to move for the reconsideration thereof; but
no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after the bill, resolution, message, report, amendment, or motion upon which the vote was taken, shall have gone out of the possession of the Senate, nor after the usual message shall have been sent from the Senate announcing its decision.

Nor shall any motion for reconsideration be in order unless made on the same day in which the vote was taken or within the two next days of the actual session of the Senate thereafter; nor shall any question be reconsidered more than once, and the vote on the final passage of any bill appropriating the public moneys or property, or creating, continuing, altering, or renewing any body politic or corporate, shall not be reconsidered whenever such bill shall be lost.
23. The following standing committees to consist of three members each shall be appointed by the president unless otherwise directed at the commencement of each session: 1st on claims, 2nd on finance, 3rd on the judiciary, 4th on the militia, 5th on internal improvements, 6th on roads and bridges, 7th on literature, 8th on State prisons, 9th on incorporations, 10th on the division of towns and counties, 11th on agriculture, 12th on manufactures, 13th on privileges and elections, 14th on enrolled bills, 15th on Indian affairs, 16th on expiring laws, to report such as have expired or are near expiring, and what new laws they may conceive necessary, 17th on expenditures, 18th on State affairs.

The committee on enrolment shall examine all bills, amendments, and resolutions before they go out of possession of the Senate, and make report when they find them correctly engrossed; and the secretary of the Senate shall present such bills as shall have originated in the Senate and been passed by both houses to the governor and enter the same upon the journals.
24. When an amendment to the constitution or any bill requiring the concurrence of a majority of two thirds of the senators is under consideration, the concurrence of a majority of two thirds shall not be requisite to decide any question for amendments or extending the merits being short of the final question.

25. The question on the final passage of all bills which by the constitution require the assent of two thirds of the senators, and of all amendments to the constitution requiring such assent, shall be taken on a division entered on the journals; and unless two thirds of the members vote in the affirmative, the bill or amendment shall be declared lost; and whenever such bill or amendment shall receive the assent of two thirds as aforesaid, the president shall certify the fact upon the said bill or amendment; and he shall certify the passage of all other bills.
26. On a motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may in the opinion of any member require secrecy, the president shall direct all persons, excepting the members and secretary and sergeant-at-arms of the Senate to withdraw; and during the discussion of said motion, the doors shall remain shut; and every member and officer of the Senate shall keep secret all such matters, proceedings and things where secrecy shall be enjoined by order of the Senate.

27. Whenever the Senate shall go into the consideration of executive business, the president shall direct the gallery to be cleared and the doors to be closed; and the proceedings of the Senate in such business shall be kept in a separate journal, which shall not be inspected by any others than members of the Senate, unless otherwise directed.

28. When nominations to office shall be made by the Governor, a future day for taking them into consideration shall be assigned unless the Senate direct otherwise.

29. All information and remarks by any senator concerning the charac-
for or qualifications of any person nominated to office by the governor shall be kept secret.

30. When a bill originated in the House of Representatives shall have been lost there, neither the same nor any other bill on the same subject and containing similar provisions shall be subsequently introduced into the Senate during the same session unless by consent of three fourths of the members.

31. No person shall be admitted within the bar of the Senate, unless by the invitation of the President or any of the members.

32. The President shall cause the Secretary to make a list of all bills, resolutions, reports of committees, and other proceedings of this house which are committed to a committee of the whole Senate, and which are not made the order of the day, for any particular day, which list shall be called the general orders of the day.

33. When the Senate has proceeded to the general orders of the day no other business shall be in order until the general orders shall have been disposed of by laying them upon the table or postponing them.
34. All the unfinished business of the preceding day shall have preference to any other.

35. No standing rule or order of the senate shall be rescinded, or changed without one day's notice being given of the motion thereof; and no motion to that effect shall be in order without such notice; and no alteration or suspension of any rule shall take place without the assent of two thirds of those present.

36. It shall be competent for one call for fifth of the members present when a question is taken, to call for yeas and nays, which shall be recorded by the secretary.

37. Every resolution read by the secretary by direction of a member, when read, shall be considered as being before the senate; and the question to adopt or reject, may immediately be put on such resolution, unless upon request of a member, that the same may be laid on the table.

Rule 1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the time to which the House stands adjourned, and the House shall then be called to order and the roll called.

2. Upon the appearance of a quorum the minutes of the preceding...
No motion shall be debated on forthwith unless the same be germane to the question then under consideration.

When two or more amendments of a peremptory nature are pending, or a motion to amend the order of business is pending, the question of the adoption of the amendment or the motion shall be decided in the following order:

5. When the house adjourns, the Speaker shall write in at once the amendments or special order of the house shall be announced.

6. Every member present shall then vote by a roll call on all questions printed in the journal, and the vote shall be announced by the Speaker. The Speaker shall write in at once the amendments or special order of the house shall be announced.

When two or more amendments of a peremptory nature are pending, or a motion to amend the order of business is pending, the question of the adoption of the amendment or the motion shall be decided in the following order:

5. When the house adjourns, the Speaker shall write in at once the amendments or special order of the house shall be announced. The Speaker shall write in at once the amendments or special order of the house shall be announced.
be stated by the Speaker before debate, and every such motion shall be reduced to writing if the Speaker or any member desire it.

10. After a motion is stated by the Speaker, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, but may be withdrawn at any time before decision or amendment.

When question may be withdrawn.

11. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received unless to amend, to commit it, to postpone it, to a day certain, for the previous question, or to adjourn.

When question.

12. A motion to adjourn shall be always in order, and shall be decided without debate.

Motion to adjourn.

13. The previous question, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment and debate of the main question and shall be in this form—"Shall the main question be now put?"

Previous question.

14. No member shall speak more than once, without leave, upon the previous question.

Motion to leave.

15. A motion for commitment, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment of the main question.

Motion to commit.
16. Every order, resolution and vote to which the concurrence of the Senate shall be necessary, shall be read to the house and laid upon the table on a day preceding that in which the same be moved, unless the house otherwise allow.

17. Petitions, memorials, and other papers addressed to the house, shall be presented by the Speaker; or by a member in his place.

18. Every member who shall be present when a question is stated from the chair, and no other shall vote for or against the same, unless the house shall excuse him, or unless he be immediately interested in the question, in which case he shall not vote.

19. While the Speaker is putting a question, no member shall walk out of or across the house, nor when a member is speaking shall any person entertain any private discourse, or pass between him and the chair.

20. A member called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and the house if appealed to shall decide on the case, but without debate; if there be no appeal,
the decision of the chair shall be submitted to.

21. Every bill shall be introduced by motion for leave, or by an order of the house on the report of a committee, and one day's notice at least shall be given of a motion to bring in a bill, unless three fourths of the members present shall vote in favor of its being brought in without such previous notice.

22. Every bill shall receive three several readings previous to its being passed; and the second and third readings shall be on different days, and the third reading shall be on a day subsequent to that in which it has passed a committee of the whole house, unless the house by the vote of three fourths of the members present shall direct otherwise.

23. No bill shall be committed, or amended, unless it has been twice read.

24. In forming a committee of the whole house, the speaker shall leave the chair and a chairman shall be appointed to preside.

25. Bills committed to a committee of the whole house, shall be first
2.9. Upon a division, either in the House, or in the Senate, both shall be ordered, and when the majority shall be decided upon, the question shall be decided upon.

2.8. When a bill passes the House, the Clerk shall prepare the bill, and when the Senate pass it, he shall prepare it in a similar manner.

2.7. The Clerk shall also keep a record of the proceedings in the House, and the Secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings in the Senate.

2.6. All questions whether in order or not, shall be decided by the Speaker or the President, and when the Speaker is absent, the President shall preside.

2.5. The Speaker shall call the roll of the House, and if any member be absent, the Speaker shall cause the same to be entered in the Journal, and the question shall be decided accordingly.

2.4. The Speaker shall also keep a record of the proceedings in the Senate, and the Secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings in the House.

2.3. The Speaker shall also keep a record of the proceedings in the House, and the Secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings in the Senate.
30. In all divisions to be taken in this house, it shall be the duty of the clerk, to enter on the minutes, the name of the member calling for a division, and the name of the member who shall second such call.

31. The order of the day shall have the preference to any motion before the house.

32. A motion that the chairman leave the chair shall always be in order, and shall take place of any other motion.

33. In the absence of a quorum, the speaker may adjourn the house until the next sitting day; or if in committee of the whole, the committee may rise and report progress.

34. No motion for reconsideration shall be in order unless on the same day or day following that on which the decision proposed to be reconsidered took place, nor unless one of the majority shall move such reconsideration. A motion for reconsideration being put and lost, shall not be renewed, nor shall any subject be a second
time reconsidered without unanimous consent.

35. The rules of the house shall be observed in a committee of the whole house, so far as they may be applicable, except the rule limiting the time of speaking.

36. Select committees, to whose reference shall be made, shall in all cases report a state of facts, and their opinion thereon to the house.

37. That in all cases where a bill, order, resolution, or motion, shall be entered on the journals of this house, the name of the member moving the same, shall also be entered on the journals.

38. No person unless introduced by a member, shall be admitted within the bar of the house, but the executive members of the senate, the heads of departments of the state government, judges of the supreme court, members of congress and such other persons as the Speaker shall on application assign places as stenographers.

39. Every message from the honorable the senate communicating any bill, for the concurrence of this house, shall, after the second
reading of the said bill, be referred to a select or standing committee (as shall be assigned by the Speaker) with the accompanying documents (if any) to consider and report thereon.

40. The Speaker shall cause the clerk of this house to make a list of all bills, resolutions, reports of committees, and other proceedings in this house, which are committed to a committee of the whole house, and which are not made the order of the day for any particular day, which list shall be called "the general order of the day."

41. On the meeting of the house, and after reading the journal of the preceding day, the order of business shall be as follows: 1st. Presentation of petitions and memorials. 2d. Report of Standing and Select committees. 3d. Resolutions. 4th. General order of the day.

42. When the house have proceeded to the general orders of the day, no other business shall be in order until the house have disposed of the same, by laying them upon the table, or by postponing
them until the next day.

43. No rule of this house shall be altered or suspended without the concurrence of two thirds of the members present.

44. Upon a call of the house, the names of the members shall be called by the clerk, and the absentees noted; but no excuse shall be made until the house be fully called over; then the absentees shall be called over a second time, and if still absent, excuses are to be heard; and if no excuse, or insufficient excuse be made, the absentees may, by order of those present, if there are five members present, be taken into custody wherever to be found, by the sergeant-at-arms or one of the messengers of the house.

45. The speaker may leave the chair and appoint a member to preside, but not for a longer time than one day, except by leave of the house.

Resolved, That the above rules and orders be adopted for the government of the House of Representatives of the State of Michigan.
1. Each house shall transmit to the other all papers on which any bill or resolution shall be formed.

2. When a bill or resolution which shall have passed one house is rejected in the other notice of the fact shall be given to the house in which the same may have passed.

3. Messages from one house to the other shall be communicated by the clerk of the house of representatives unless the house transmitting the message shall especially direct otherwise.

4. It shall be in the power of either house to amend any amendment made by the other to any bill or resolution.

5. In every case of a difference between the two houses upon any subject of legislation, either house may request a conference, and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other shall appoint a committee to confer. The committees shall meet at such hour and place as shall be agreed upon by their chairman, and state to each other verbally or in writing as either shall ch-
ose, the reasons of their respective houses, and confer freely thereon; and they shall be authorized to report to their respective houses such modifications as they may think advisable.

6. It shall be in order for either house to recess from any subject matter of difference subsisting between the two houses at any time previous to conference, whether the papers on which such difference has arisen are before the house recessing, formally or informally, and that a majority shall govern except in those cases where two thirds are required by the constitution; and the question having been put and lost shall not be again put on the same day, and the reconsideration thereof shall in other respects be regulated by the rules of the respective houses.

7. After each house shall have adhered to their disagreement, the bill which is the subject of difference shall be deemed lost, and shall not be again received during the same session in either house, unless by consent of three fourths of the members.
the members present of the house revising it.

8. The same bill shall not create, renew, or continue more than one incorporation, nor contain any provisions in relation to the altering of more than one act of incorporation; nor shall the same bill appropriate the public money or property to more than one local or private purpose. And bills appropriating money for the payment of the officers of government shall be confined to that purpose exclusively.

9. Whenever there shall be a vote for officers by the two houses, the result shall be certified by the president of the Senate and speaker of the house of representatives, and shall be reported by the presiding officers of each house to their respective houses, and be entered on the journals of each, and shall be communicated to the governor by the secretary of the Senate and clerk of the house of representatives.

10. No bill that shall have passed one house shall be sent for concurrence to the other on either
of the two last days of the 

conception, for that [this] 

proceeds from the record of 

the decrees of the 

prophets.
Members of the Senate by districts.

First District:
Jonathan D. Davis,
John M'Donnell,
Conrad Ten Eyck.

Second District:
Lawrence Du Rocher,
Edward D. Ellis,
Olmsted Hough.

Third District:
John T. Barry,
Calvin Brittain,
Horace M. Comstock.

Fourth District:
Silas Finch,
William T. Moody,
Henry Rumsey.

Fifth District:
John Clark,
Charles C. Haskell,
Ebenezer Raynate,
John Stockton.
Alphabetical list of Members of the Senate.

Hon. Messrs. Barry, ,
Brinton,
Clark,
Comstock,
Davis,
Duercher,
Ellis,
Finch,
Haskell,
Hough,
MDorell,
Moody,
Raynal,
Rumsey,
Stockton,
Ten Eyck,
Members of the Senate for one year:

From the first district:
Non. John M'Donnell.

From the second district:
Non. Laurent Durocher.

From the third district:
Non. John S. Barry.

From the fourth district:
Non. Silas Finch.
Non. William J. Moody.

From the fifth district:
Non. John Clark.
Non. John Stockton.
Members of the Senate for two years.

From the first district.
Non. Jonathan D. Davis,
Non. Conrad Ten Eyck.

From the second district.
Non. Edward D. Ellis,
Non. Olmsted Wough.

From the third district.
Non. Calvin Brittain.

From the fourth district.
Non. Henry Rumsey.

From the fifth district.
Non. Charles C. Nescatt,
Non. Ebenezer Raynate.
Members of the House of Representatives by counties.

From the 1st senatorial district:

**Wayne County.**

Peter Van Every,
J. P. Fay,
Chas. W. Whipple,
Ammon Brown,
W. A. Noyes,
Geo. W. Ferrington,
John Strong,
Elias Braddock.

From the 2d senatorial district:

**Monroe County.**

Alpheus Felch,
Francis Charter,
Joseph Jackson,
Tab. T. Godfrey.

**Lenawee County:**

Allen Hutchins,
Niram Dodge,
James Wheeler,
Darius Mead.
From the 3d senatorial district:

Stilesdale County,
Lewis T. Miller;

Branch County,
Hiram Alden,

St. Joseph County,
Isaac J. Ullman,
Benj. Sherman,

Cass County,
Joseph Smith,
James Odell,

Berrien County,
C. K. Green,

Allegan County,
Elisha Ely,

Kalamazoo County,
Edwin H. Lothrop,
Cyren Burdick,

Calhoun County,
Ezra Convis.

Unorganized counties of Ottawa, Kent, Ionia, and Clinton,

Roswell Britton.
From the 4th senatorial district:

Washtenaw County.

R. E. Morse,
John Brewer,
Rufus Mathews,
Orrin Howe,
George Howe,
Jas. W. Mill,
Alanson Crossman.

Jackson County.

Townsend E. Gridley.
From the 5th senatorial district:

**Oakland County,**

O. D. Richardson,
Johnson Niles,
I. I. Voorhees,
Geo. Brownell,
John Ellenwood,
Shiram Higley.

**Macomb County,**

Jacob Summers,
Isaac Monfore,
Alexander Tailes.

**St. Clair County,**

J. S. Heath,

**Lapeer County,**

Alvin N. Hart.

**Sagana, Genesee and Shiawasee,**

Gardner D. Williams.

**Michilimackinac County,**

J. P. King.

**Chippewa County,**

Henry A. Levake.
Alphabetical list of the members of the House of Representatives

Hon Messrs.

| Alden,               | Jackson,       |
| Alden,               |                 |
| Brewer,             | King,          |
| Brown,              |                 |
| Bradshaw,           | Leddike,       |
| Brownell,           | Lathrop,       |
| Britton,            | Mead,          |
| Burdick,            | Morse,         |
| Charter,            | Matthews,      |
| Crossman,           | Monfore,       |
| Dodge,              | Miller,        |
| Ely,                | Noyes,         |
| Ellenwood,          | Niles,         |
| Felch,              | Odell,         |
| Fay,                | Richardson,    |
| Ferrington,         | Smith,         |
| Goodboy,            | Sherman,       |
| Green,              | Strong,        |
| Gridley,            | Summers,       |
| Hutchins,           | Tegel,         |
| O. Howe,            | Ullman,        |
| C. Howe,            | Van Every,     |
| Hill,               | Voorhees,      |
| Hersley,            | Wheeler,       |
| Heath,              | Whipple,       |
| Hart,               | Williams,      |
| | Speaker,         |
Standing Committees of the Senate

On Finance: Messrs. McDonell, Brittain, Noughy.
On Internal Improvement: Messrs. Rumsey, Noughy, Raynale, Brittain.
On Literature: Messrs. Cornealock, Rumsey, McDonell.
On Expenditures: Messrs. Durand, Clark, Finagle.
On Enrolled Bills: Messrs. Ellis, Moody, Barry.
On Towns and Counties: Messrs. Finagle, Nassau, Brittain.
On Indian Affairs: Messrs. Ten Eyck, Finagle, Cornealock.
On Elections: Messrs. Nassau, Ellis, Cornealock.
On State Affairs: Messrs. Nassau, Moody, Davis, Davis.

* added to committee February 9.
Standing Committees of the House.

On the Judiciary: Messrs. Hutchins, Whipple, Green, Felch, Richardson, Burdick, Noyes.

On Ways and Means: Messrs. Lothrop, Brown, Bradshaw, Mathews, Fay, Van Every, Morse.

On State Affairs: Messrs. Richardson, Burdick, Mathews, Mead, Hutchins, Jackson, Smith.

On Internal Improvements: Messrs. Ely, Gridley, Odell, Mead, Williams, Voorheis, Sherman.


On Accounts and Claims: Messrs. Whipple, Dodge, Burdick, Niles, Jackson, Crossman, Gridley.

On Education: Messrs. Whipple, Greene, Reach, Alden, Sumner, Britton, Crossman.


On Enrollment: Messrs. Green, Richardson, Hutchins.


On Unfinished Business: Messrs. Noyes, Richardson, Lothrop, Alden, Green, Felch, Sumner.

Organization of Townships and Counties:
- Messrs. Miller, Lewis, Green.

On Agriculture and Manufactures: Messrs. Lothrop, Mathews, Ellenwood, Britton, Mead.

On Expenditures: Messrs. Whipple, Mathews, Dodge.

Joint Committee on the Library.

Standing Committees:

Joint Committee on Ways & Means.

Select Committee on the Library.


On do much as related to the abolition of slavery.

On do much as related to the election of the President of the United States.

Or do much as related to the mechanic force.
Select joint committees on certain parts of the

Governor's Message,

On so much as relates to the admission of Michigan

Senate: Messrs. Comstock, McDowell, Haskell.

House Reps.: Messrs. Whipple, Richardson, Jackson, Hutchins.

On so much as relates to a declaratory act in relation to the southern boundary of the State.

Senate.

Messrs. McDowell, Clark, Barry.

House Reps.: Messrs. Hutchins, Whipple, Richardson.
State salary officers

His Excellency Stevens T. Mason, Governor.

Hon. John B. G. Pritchett, Esq., Secretary of State.

(Treasurer, Auditor-General, etc., not appointed, Feb. 6, 1836)

Office of the Senate and House of Rep.

Hon. Lieut. Gov. Edward Mundy, President of the Senate.
Hon. John S. Barry, President pro tem., of the Senate.
Hon. Ezra Corniss, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
Hon. John J. Adam, Secretary of the Senate.

Edward A. King, Recording Clerk of the Senate.
Silas D. McKeen, Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk of the Senate.

George W. Dexter, Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate.
Deodate Hubbard, Doorkeeper of the Senate.

Geo. R. Ainsworth, Clerk of the House of Representatives.
Eugene J. Van Buren, Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk of H. R.
Lewis Bond, Sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives.

James Houston, Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives.

Thos. Lappin, Messenger to House of Representatives.
List of Incorporations
in the State of Michigan,
with their location and capital.

The president, directors, and company of the bank of Monroe.
Monroe, $10,000 and not over $50,000.

Detroit Steam Mill Company, Detroit, $20,000.

Medical Society of Michigan
and co., societies.
Detroit, $10,000.

Grand Lodge (of the territory) of Michigan.

First Presbyterian Church of Mackinac.

The president, directors and company of St. Francis.

Bay harbor company.

The historical society of Michigan.

The trustees of the academy of Ann Arbor, Ann Arbor.

The trustees of Albion academy, Albion.

Detroit Hydraulic company, Detroit, $20,000.

Proprietors of White Pigeon Academy, White Pigeon, $1,000 or upwards.

The Lake Michigan Steam Boat company.

Detroit & Michigan railroad company, $1,500,000.
Trustees of Richland academy, Kalamazoo co. Property not over $20,000.
Trustees of Romeo academy, Macomb co. Property not over $20,000.
Trustees of the Cass county academy, Cass co. Property not over $20,000.
The Pontiac literary institution, Pontiac. Property not over $20,000.
The trustees of the Michigan manual labor school.
The trustees of Shelby liberal institute, Shelby, Mac co. Property not over $20,000.
The Michigan and Kalamazoo institute.
Detroit river steam navigation company.
The Detroit, Monroe, and Monroe steamboat company.
The Detroit and St. Clair steamboat company.
The St. Joseph navigation company.
The Romeo and Mt. Clemens railroad company.
The Erie and Kalamazoo railroad company.
The Pontiac fire company, Pontiac. $1,800.
The mechanics' society of the city of Detroit, Detroit. not over $20,000.
The wardens and vestrymen of St. Andrew's Church of Ann Arbor.
The agricultural society of Michigan.
The Michigan association for improvement in the breed of horses.

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<td>The president, directors, and company of the Bank of Michigan</td>
<td>Detroit: $100,000, bank at branch not over Bronson. $50,000.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The president, directors, and company of the Farmers' and Mechanics Bank of Michigan</td>
<td>Detroit: $100,000, bank at branch not over St. Joseph. Exceed $50,000.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The president, directors, and company of the bank of River-Raisin</td>
<td>Monroe: $100,000, bank at branch not over Pontiac. $700,000.</td>
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<td>The Kalamazoo Mutual Insurance Company</td>
<td>Bronson.</td>
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<td>The Detroit and Pontiac Railroad Company</td>
<td>$100,000.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The president, directors, and company of the bank of Pontiac</td>
<td>$100,000. and not over $50,000.</td>
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<td>The Shelby and Detroit Railroad Company</td>
<td>$100,000.</td>
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<td>The Michigan Insurance Company of Detroit</td>
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<td>The Black River Steam Mill Company</td>
<td>$50,000.</td>
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<td>Detroit Co-operative Association</td>
<td>$50,000.</td>
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<td>The Trustees of Spring Arbor Seminary</td>
<td>Property not over $50,000.</td>
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<td>The president, directors and company of the bank of Washburne, Ann Arbor</td>
<td>$100,000, and not over $500,000.</td>
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<td>The president, directors and company of the Michigan State Bank, Detroit</td>
<td>$100,000 and not over $500,000.</td>
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<td>The president, directors and company of the Adrian, Erie and Kalamazoo or railroad banks, Tecumseh.</td>
<td>$500,000.</td>
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<td>River Raisin and Grand river railroad company</td>
<td>$1,500,000.</td>
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<td>The president, directors and company of the Tecumseh, Michigan, Tecumseh.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Macomb and Saginaw railroad company</td>
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<td>The president, directors and company of the Michigan bank of Macomb county, Clarksburg</td>
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<td>The president, directors and company of the bank of Ypsilanti, Ypsilanti</td>
<td>$500,000.</td>
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<td>The Detroit and Maumee railroad company</td>
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<td>Maumee branch railroad company</td>
<td>$100,000 and not over $500,000.</td>
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Note—The charters of the "City Library of Detroit," the "Clinton River Navigation Company," the "Clinton Steam Mill Company," it is believed, have been allowed to become void or have not been acted on.
Religious societies, having become incorporated in pursuance of the acts of April 3, 1807, or April 12, 1821, and not by a specific act of incorporation, are not included in the above list.

Detroit, February 8, 1836.

John J. Adam,
Secretary of Senate.
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Thereby certify that the foregoing manuscript Michigan manual for 1836, is a true and correct copy of the original printed copy which is now in and belonging to the State Library of the State of Michigan.

Harriot A. Temney
State Librarian of the State of Michigan

Lansing, Michigan
Aug. 31, 1886,
UNCLE "JEN'S" PRIDE!

His Collection of Legislative Manuals the Finest in the State.

HOW HE WROTE ONE HIMSELF.

Some of the Manuals Contain the Pictures and Autographs of Many Illustrious Men of the State.

The Journal has been permitted to examine a set of Michigan Manuals belonging to Mr. O. A. Jenison of this city which Mr. Jenison thinks is the finest and most complete set owned by any one individual in the State. The series commence with the 1836 manual, which Mr. J. in order to obtain was obliged to write out in full from the only one supposed to be in existence and now in the State Library. In doing this he was very careful to note every comma, colon, semi-colon, period, etc., and having a slight knowledge of printing he "followed copy," even to words wrongly spelled. Not a blot, erasure, alteration or interlineation is in the book. It is beautifully bound in genuine Turkey morocco, and altogether is a decidedly unique affair. Nothing of any particular interest is attached to 1837—8—9, '40, '41, '43 and '48, except that of the many episodes in making this collection. Mr. J. remarked that he placed an advertisement in a Detroit city paper offering three dollars for the 1848 manual. An old lady in Hamtramck was preparing to move back East, and in collecting what she termed rubbish fit for the flames, this manual (a beautiful copy by the by) was thrown into a basket to be jumbled into the street—food for the fire. Her son picked it out of the basket and remembering of having seen the ad took it to the city and obtained his reward.

The 1848 copy looks as if it had just left the hands of the printer and binder—it is in such fine condition. The 1850 and 1867 constitutional convention manual and also the 1850, 1851, 1858, 1867, and 1869 contain the autographs of the then Governors, many of the State officers, together with all the members of the Senate and House of Representatives. Besides having the regular 1879 copy he has also Scott's Ford's illustrated, showing the exterior and interior of many of the State public buildings, together with the photographs and autographs of all the members of that Legislature.

For 1881 he has two copies—one regular and one containing the photographs of all the members, but the 1883 is the pride of the collection. It contains the photographs and autographs of all the members for that year, together with a genuine autograph of all the Governors from Lewis Cass to Cyrus G. Luce. It does not stop here, but contains also the autographs of hundreds of eminent men who took part in the State's councils in the pioneer days of Michigan, the great majority of whom have passed from earth. The Journal can only find space to mention a very few, beginning with J. J. Adams, long may he live—L. Fasquelle, J. Kearney, J. C. Schwartz, Geo. C. Bates, H. G. Wells, J. M. Howard, Sanford Howard, D. V. Bell, Wm. M. Fenton, C. C. Trowbridge, J. R. Williams, J. R. Kellogg, Zach Chandler, etc. Mr. J. was many years in making this collection and we think has reason to be proud of his achievement.
THE GOVERNORS OF MICHIGAN

WE HAVE TO GO BACK TO 1680, THE DAYS OF FRANCIS I., OF FRANCE, TO FIND THE FIRST OF THEM.

Gov.Croswell the Successor of a Mighty Aristocratic Crowd.

The compilers of the Manual of the Legislature have been taken to task rather roundly for having given an inaccurate list of the governors of Michigan under French, English, and American rule. The compiler of the manual endeavored to correct the errors of the Manual but fell into as many sins of omission and commission as did the compilers. The News has taken the trouble to correct both, and at the same time to furnish the public with a complete list of every person who exercised the chief governmental power in Michigan, as part of New France, under French rule, and under English domination under the conquest. Dates are given wherever the authorities are agreed. Where they are not the date is omitted:

LIST OF GOVERNORS UNDER FRENCH DOMINATION.

1. Jean François de la Roche, Chevalier, seigneur de Iosbervel, lieutenant and governor for France 1600 to 1606.
2. Trollois de Menguets, Marquis de la Roche and Kootermont, vicomte de Trewars, lieutenant general and governor for Henry IV. of France, 1606.
3. Captain Chauvin.
5. Pierre du Gis, sire de Monts.
6. Jean de Bourbon, Comte de Saissac.
10. The Marshal of Monmourec, 1620.
12. Le Duc d'Amphy.
15. Samuel de Champlain, governor.
16. Marc Antoine de Bras de Fer, Sieur de Chastenat, 1626.
17. Charles Boillot de Montmorancy, Knight of St. John of Jerusalem, onetinho of the savage tribes, governor for the company and lieutenant general for the king.
19. Jean de Lassou, squire de Berry, grand master of woods and forests.
20. Louis D’Alliboule de Coulange, restored.
21. Dubois, Baron of Avangour.
22. The Alagasque was killed in 1608 in defending Fort de Paris against the Grand Vizier Ashmen Legrand.
25. T. de Remenhay, from 1714 to 1716, in the absence of Vaugel.
26. Baron de Longueuil I., commandant general from the death of Vaugel till the arrival of
29. This is the naval commander who captured Fort Mahon, who was shot as an traitor for his death, and, as the French say, "four encourager les autres."
31. De la Joumelle was captured by Admiral Anne in the naval action of Cape Fishwater. Being taken prisoner by Anne, he sold to the latter, referring to two captured French vessels, "We have vanquished the invaders and La Glorie follows you.
32. Baron de Longueuil II., from the death of de la Joumelle till the arrival of
33. Le Marquis Duquesne de Dormelle, 1752.
34. Baron de Longueuil III., from the departure of Duquesne till the arrival of
35. Pierre Francois Marquis de Vaugel—Cavagnal, 1758.
36. Under Vaugel’s command and New France passed into the hands of Great Britain. The news of the surrender was received very coldly by the court of Versailles and the orders were strung out, and courtiers, including the king’s mistress, said that, after all, it was nothing to lose a few aspects of snow.

UNDER ENGLISH DOMINATION.

40. Sir Jeffrey Amiens, captain-general, 1760.
41. Major-General James Murray, 1766, (president).
42. Paulus Emilie Irving (president), 1767.
43. Brigadier-General Guy Carleton.
44. Sir Henry P. Graham (president), 1770.
45. Major-General Guy Carleton, captain-general, 1774.
46. For a while in the absence of Carleton Col. Hamilton administered the government, and subsequently Brigadier Hope.
47. Sir Frederick Haldimand, 1778.
48. Lord Dorchester (Carleton).
49. Lord Dorchester (Carleton).
50. Major General Alfred Clark, 1791-3.
51. Sir Robert Prescott, 1793.
52. Sir Robert Shore Mifflin, 1795.
53. Lord Dorchester, 1796.
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